

# A WINDOW OF OPPORTUNITY



The UK has the least efficient housing stock in Western Europe.

## 3x

LESS

energy efficient housing stock than Germany

## 80

MILLION

windows are in need of replacement to current standards

## £395

SAVING

per household per year with new windows to current standards (at current capped rates)

## 22%

HEAT SAVING

could be achieved by replacing windows in properties that have already been insulated to best practice

## 1.88

MILLION

cars could be taken off the road in equivalent CO<sub>2</sub> savings by replacing old double glazing with new double glazing

**A fabric-first approach is the most practical way to achieve Net Zero.**

### Property heat loss after 5 hours

The UK is the worst performing country in western Europe in terms of heat loss, and is 3x less energy efficient than Germany.

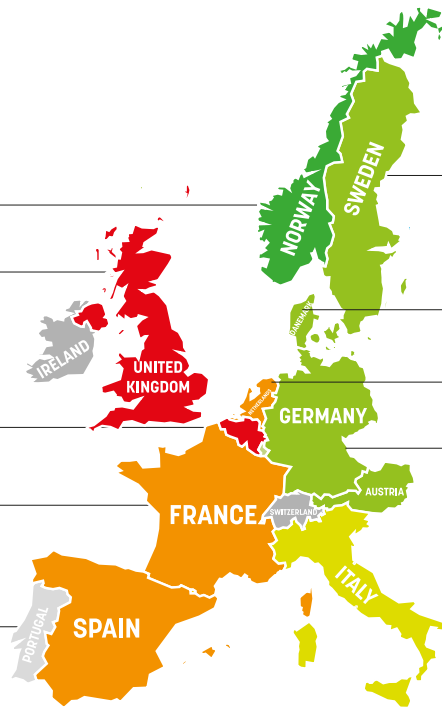
Norway  
0.9°C

UK  
3°C

Belgium  
2.9°C

France  
2.5°C

Spain  
2.2°C



Source: UK homes losing heat up to three times faster than European neighbours, tado°, 2020: <https://www.tado.com/gb-en/press/uk-homes-losing-heat-up-to-three-times-faster-than-european-neighbours>



[www.ggf.org.uk](http://www.ggf.org.uk)



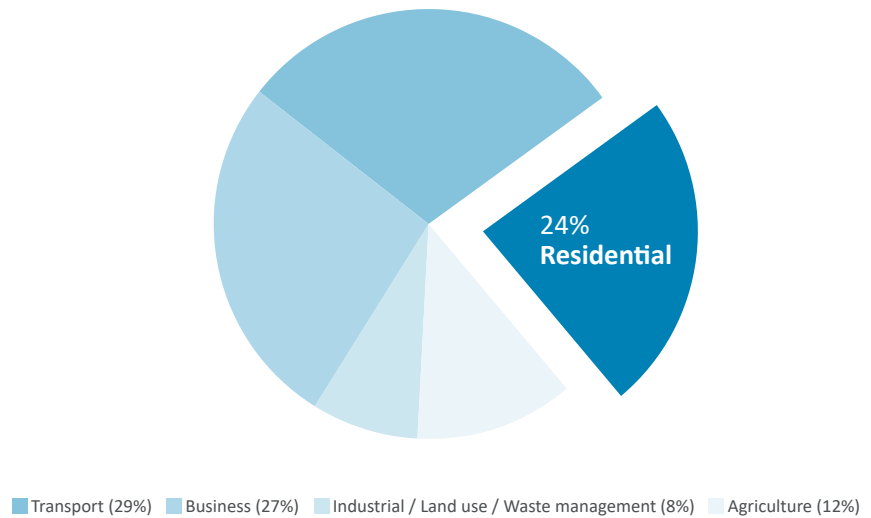
British Glass

[www.britglass.org.uk](http://www.britglass.org.uk)

# The scale of the opportunity

## Share of emissions vs major sectors

- Residential emissions are still significant source of carbon emissions.
- The residential sector has seen one of the slowest declines in carbon emissions over the last 30 years.
- Reducing emissions from households is crucial to achieving Net Zero by 2050.



Source: UK territorial greenhouse gas emissions national statistics  
([www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-territorial-greenhouse-gas-emissions-national-statistics](http://www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-territorial-greenhouse-gas-emissions-national-statistics))

## UK FACTS

**28m**  
dwellings

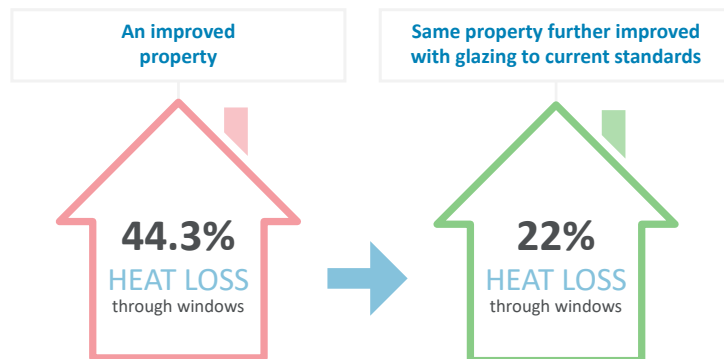
**>290m**  
windows

**10.5**  
windows per dwelling (average)

## Percentage of UK dwelling type

Dwelling	%
Terrace	27.4%
Semi-detached	25%
Flat	20.9%
Detached	17.9%
Bungalow	8.8%

## Replacing the windows in an already improved property reduces the heat loss by half








When other energy loss prevention measures\* are taken. Glazing is now the point of least resistance.

\*loft/floor/wall insulation, draught proofing, low energy lighting, solar water heating

This shows how double glazing has progressed and the impact upgrading windows has on the average household.

# The state of play

BFRC Window Energy Rating <small>BFRC = British Fenestration Rating Council</small>	Glazing type	Market share per glazing type
A++	 Triple glazing	<1%
A+		
A		
B	<small>CURRENT BUILDING REGULATIONS</small>  Double Glazing Installed after 15/06/2022	<1%
C	 Double Glazing Installed after 2002	70%
D		
E	 Double Glazing Installed pre 2002	23%
UNCLASSIFIED	 Single Glazing	5%

BFRC ratings vary according to the glazing specification and window components. The Building Regulations prescribe the minimum U values that can be installed and does not mean that windows with lower U values and which are more energy efficient are not being installed.

## 98%

of windows do not meet current building regulations for energy efficiency

Whilst the minimum U Value in the current Building Regulations is 1.4, windows with U values of less than 1.0 are commercially available in preparation for the Future Homes Standard, PassivHaus and low / zero energy homes.

Equating to

## ~288m

windows would benefit from being replaced

### What is a U-value?

The U-value states how efficient a material is at insulating. The lower the better.

#### Typical U values

- Triple Glazing **1.0**
- Double Glazing installed after 15/6/2022 **min 1.4**
- Double glazing installed after 2002, **2.0 – 2.4**
- Double Glazing installed pre 2002, **2.8 – 3.2**
- Single glazing, **4.8 – 5.8**

The U values above are for the complete window.

### What is a window energy rating?

Window Energy Ratings show how energy efficient a window is by taking into account thermal heat loss, solar gain and the air leakage of the window. Windows are rated using an A++ to E scale to symbolise the total energy efficiency of the windows. The higher the rating the better the performance. Windows and doors with an energy ratings A to A++ are considered to be energy positive.

### Installations

Over 80m windows (BFRC rated E or Unclassified) would benefit from immediate replacement as they are inefficient and at least 20 years old.

# The savings to be made

## Reduced Emissions



Replacing single glazing with double glazing to current standards

=



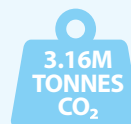
per year

OR



Replacing pre 2002 double glazing with new double glazing to current standards

=



per year

OR



## Return on the investment



**£395**

Average annual saving per household

Upgrading from pre-2002 to current standards

**£3.54b**

Annual saving if all pre 2002 windows replaced

Upgrading from pre-2002 to current standards

**£12.25b**

Total annual saving if all windows replaced to current standard

Upgrading from pre-2002 to current standards

## Key points

- The UK housing stock has the worst heat loss performance in Western Europe and has seen one of the worst carbon reductions of all sectors since 1990.
- Windows installed today perform 50% better than older double glazing and 70% better than single glazing.
- Incentivising homeowners to increase the energy rating of windows is necessary (especially those with an energy rating of E and Unclassified which are over 20 years old).
- Replacing windows should be front and centre of future energy efficiency schemes and could reduce heat loss by 22% on the average house.
- Windows not only provide energy efficiency but also reduce noise transmission and provide enhanced security.

This document has been developed by British Glass and the Glass & Glazing Federation. These organisations represent the Glazing industry from glass and framing production through to installation and recycling. The industry is worth £4billion per annum to the UK economy and employs over 100,000 individuals.



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